# EUREKA SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 44-1 EUREKA, SOUTH DAKOTA AUDIT REPORT FOR THE YEAR THEN ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

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# CAHILL BAUER & ASSOCIATES, LLC

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS AND CONSULTANTS

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

School Board Eureka School District No. 44-1 McPherson County, South Dakota

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Eureka School District No. 44-1, South Dakota (School District) as of June 30, 2023, and for the year then ended, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the School District's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated September 28, 2023.

#### Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the School District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the School District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the School District's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the School District's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. We did identify certain deficiencies in internal control, described in the accompanying Schedule of Current Audit Findings, items 2023-001, 2023-002, and 2023-003 that we consider to be material weaknesses.

Jason W. Bauer, CPA, CGMA, PFS • bauer@cahillbauer.com

School Board Eureka School District No. 44-1 Page 2 Report on Internal Control and Compliance

#### Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Eureka School District No. 44-1's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, and contracts, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

#### School District's Response to Findings

Government Auditing Standards requires the auditor to perform limited procedures on the School District's response to the findings identified in our audit. The School District's response to the findings identified in our audit are described in the accompanying Schedule of Current Audit Findings. The School District's response was not subjected to the other auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on the response.

#### Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the School District's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose. As required by South Dakota Codified Law 4-11-11, this report is a matter of public record and its distribution is not limited.

Calvill Baren

Mobridge, South Dakota September 28, 2023

#### EUREKA SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 44-1 SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AND CURRENT AUDIT FINDINGS JUNE 30, 2023

#### STATUS OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS

#### Finding Number 2022-001:

Internal control over financial reporting and compliance is not adequate.

#### **Current Status**

Condition still exists, see current audit finding number 2023-001.

#### Finding Number 2022-002:

The District's internal control structure does not provide for the preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles.

#### **Current Status**

Condition still exists, see current audit finding number 2023-002.

#### Finding Number 2022-003:

Internal control does not provide for identifying material misstatements.

#### **Current Status**

Condition still exists, see current audit finding number 2023-003.

#### CURRENT AUDIT FINDINGS AND RECOMMENDATIONS

#### Finding Number 2023-001:

#### Criteria

The internal control system of a School can help assist in achieving its performance targets and prevent the loss of resources. It helps to ensure reliable financial reporting and the compliance with laws and regulations.

#### **Condition Found**

The School District has a limited number of office personnel and, accordingly, does not have adequate internal controls in revenue, expenditures, and payroll functions because of a lack of segregation duties.

#### EUREKA SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 44-1 SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AND CURRENT AUDIT FINDINGS JUNE 30, 2023

#### Cause and Effect

This condition increases the risk that fraud or errors might occur in the financial reporting process.

#### Recommendation

We recommend a high level of awareness be maintained by management to assist in preventing, detecting, or correcting matters that may arise due to this internal control weakness. Compensating controls should be implemented as necessary.

#### **Identification of Repeat Finding**

Yes, prior year finding from 2009.

#### Views of Responsible Officials and Corrective Action Plan

Due to staff size, it is not deemed feasible to adequately segregate duties. However, we are aware of this internal control weakness and intend to provide continuous monitoring in an effort to prevent, detect, or correct any matters that may result.

#### Finding Number 2023-002:

#### **Criteria**

An organization's internal control structure should provide for the preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles.

#### **Condition Found**

The School does not have an internal control system designed to provide for the preparation of the annual financial statements being audited, including required footnotes and disclosures, in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. As auditors, we were requested to draft the financial statements.

#### Cause and Effect

This condition may affect the School's ability to record, process, summarize, and report financial data consistent with the assertions of management in the financial statements.

#### Recommendation

It is the responsibility of management and those charged with governance to make the decision whether to accept the degree of risk associated with this condition because of cost or other considerations.

#### EUREKA SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 44-1 SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AND CURRENT AUDIT FINDINGS JUNE 30, 2023

#### **Identification of Repeat Finding**

Yes, prior year finding from 2009.

#### Views of Responsible Officials and Corrective Action Plan

The business manager, Tonya Maier, is the contact person responsible for the corrective action plan for this comment. The School is continuing its work on correcting this deficiency.

#### Finding Number 2023-003:

#### Criteria

An organization's internal control structure should provide for the recording of all necessary material adjustments in order to ensure that accounting records are in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles.

#### **Condition Found**

While conducting our audit, we proposed material audit adjustments that would not have been identified as a result of the School District's existing internal controls, and therefore could have resulted in a material misstatement of the School District's financial statements.

#### **Cause and Effect**

This condition may affect the School District's ability to record, process, summarize, and report financial statement data consistent with the assertions of management in the financial statements.

#### Recommendation

It is the responsibility of management and those charged with governance to make the decision whether to accept the degree of risk associated with this condition because of cost and other considerations.

#### **Identification of Repeat Finding**

Yes, prior year finding from 2020.

#### Views of Responsible Officials and Corrective Action Plan

The business manager, Tonya Maier, is the contact person responsible for the corrective action plan for this comment. The School is continuing its work on correcting this deficiency.



# CAHILL BAUER & ASSOCIATES, LLC

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS AND CONSULTANTS

#### INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

School Board Eureka School District No. 44-1 McPherson County, South Dakota

#### Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

#### **Opinions**

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Eureka School District No. 44-1, as of June 30, 2023 and for the year then ended, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the School District's basic financial statements as listed in the Table of Contents.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Eureka School District No. 44-1 as of June 30, 2023, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards (Government Auditing Standards), issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the School District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

#### Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the School District's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

#### Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements.

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS and Government Auditing Standards, we:

- 1. exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- 2. identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- 3. obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the School District's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- 4. evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- 5. conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the School District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control—related matters that we identified during the audit.

#### Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Budgetary Comparison Schedules, the Schedule of the School District Contributions, and the Schedule of the School District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

The School District has omitted the Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require to be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such missing information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. Our opinion on the basic financial statements is not affected by this missing information.

#### Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated September 28, 2023 on our consideration of the School District's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the School District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Calvill Bown

Mobridge, South Dakota September 28, 2023

#### EUREKA SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 44-1 STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2023

		Prima	ry Government	t	
	overnmental Activities	Bu	siness-Type Activities		Total
ASSETS					
Cash and cash equivalents Investments	\$ 2,075,387 818,422	\$	2 <b>8,</b> 731	\$	2,104,118 818,422
Taxes receivable Inventories Other assets	912,816 - 269,794		1,311		912,816 1,311 269,794
Net pension asset Capital assets Land, improvements and	5,318		200		5,518
construction in progress Other capital assets, net	44,472		-		44,472
depreciation	 6,776,619		21,935		6,798,554
TOTAL ASSETS	 10,902,828		52,177		10,955,005
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES Pension related deferred outflows	 529,875		20,296		550,171
TOTAL DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	\$ 529,875	\$	20,296	\$	550,171
	 ,			<u> </u>	

	V		Primar	y Governmen	t	
	Governmental Activities			iness-Type ctivities		Total
LIABILITIES						
Accounts payable	\$	13,297	\$	555	\$	13,852
Other current liabilities		300,074		13,224		313,298
Noncurrent liabilities:		221 100				221 100
Due within one year Due in more than one year		231,100 2,938,404		-		231,100 2,938,404
Due in more than one year	3	2,936,404	:			2,936,404
TOTAL LIABILITIES	-	3,482,875		13,779		3,496,654
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
Taxes levied for future period		886,242		_		886,242
Pension related deferred inflows		311,793		11,987		323,780
Other deferred inflows		45,787		-		45,787
TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS						
OF RESOURCES		1,243,822		11,987		1,255,809
NET POSITION						
Net Investment in						
Capital Assets		3,672,351		21,935		3,694,286
Restricted for:						
Capital Outlay		1,249,241		-		1,249,241
Special Education		444,754		_		444,754
SDRS Pension Purposes		223,400		8,509		231,909
Unrestricted	-	1,116,260		16,263		1,132,523
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$	6,706,006	\$	46,707	\$	6,752,713

EUREKA SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 44-1 STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

		l			Program	Program Revenues				Net (	Net (Expenses) Revenue and Changes in Net Position	and on	
										Ī	Primary Government	_	
Functions/Programs	Expenses	ıses	Charges for Services	s for	Oper Grant Contril	Operating Grants and Contributions	Capital Grants and Contributions	pr pr	Gover	Governmental Activities	Business-Type		Total
Primary government											CONTAINE		Total
Governmental activities Instruction	69	.591,346 \$	E.A		€9	211.142	64	1	64	(1 380 204)	· ·	6	(1 380 304)
Support services					,	29,008		50,836	÷			<del>)</del>	(1.38.025)
Nonprogrammed charges		45,213		7,703		•		,		(37,510)	t		(37,510)
* Interest on long term debt		63,111						. ,		(136,630) (63,111)	1		(136,630) $(63,111)$
Total governmental activities	eñ.	3,026,280		79,814		240,150	35	50,836		(2,655,480)			(2,655,480)
Business-type activities Food services Other enterprise funds		171,805 3,691		62,044 2,350		57,775 306		, ,			(51,986) (1,035)		(51,986)
Total business-type activities		175,496		64,394		58,081				,	(53,021)		(53,021)
Total primary government	<del>6</del>	3,201,776 \$		144,208	<del>6/3</del>	298,231	\$ 20	50,836	<b>\$</b>	(2,655,480)	\$ (53,021)	\$	(2,708,501)
* The District does not have interest expense related to the functions presented above. This amount includes indirect interest expense on general long-term debt.	General Revenues Taxes Property taxes Utility taxes Revenue from stat	General Revenues Taxes Property taxes Utility taxes Revenue from state sources:	ces:							2,439,778 36,530			2,439,778 36,530
	State Aid									340,512	•		340,512
	Kevenue fro	Revenue from federal sources	nrces							1,299	•		1,299
	Unrestricted	Unrestricted investments carnings	s carnings							57,644	545		58,189
	Ouner gener Transfers	Ouner general revenues Transfers								87,004	4,083		91,087
	Ē							ĮĮ.		(10,000)	40,000		
	i otal genera	i otal general revenues and transters	nd transter	ω.				Ļ		2,922,767	44,628		2,967,395
	Change in net position	et position								267,287	(8,393)	_	258,894
	Net position	Net position - beginning						J		6,438,719	55,100		6,493,819
	Net position - ending	ı - ending						۵,	<del>69</del>	6,706,006	\$ 46,707	↔	6,752,713

#### EUREKA SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 44-1 BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2023

		General Fund
ASSETS		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	958,853
Investments		306,954
Taxes-receivables		525,022
Taxes-delinquent		3,820
Accounts receivable		183
Lease receivable		45,779
Due from state government		102,453
Due from federal government		40,306
Prepaid items		1,117
TOTAL ASSETS:	\$	1,984,487
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities:		
Accounts payable	\$	10,727
Contracts payable	Ψ	130,684
Amounts held for others		5,398
Payroll deductions and withholdings payable		5,576
and employer matching payable		16,662
Unearned revenue	·	13,965
Total Liabilities	8	177,436
Deferred Inflows of Resources:		
Unavailable revenue - property taxes		3,633
Taxes levied for future period		512,618
Unavailable revenue - leases		45,787
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		562,038
Fund Balances:		
Nonspendable (prepaid expense) Restricted		1,117
Track renovation		-
Capital projects		_
Special education		_
Assigned		
Unemployment		9,136
Student computer insurance		11,322
Unassigned	:	1,223,438
Γotal Fund Balance		1,245,013
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES,		
AND FUND BALANCE:		

The accompanying notes to the basic financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

Capital Outlay Fund		Special Education Fund		Total Governmental Funds
	59,809 \$	446,725	\$	2,075,387
	1,468	-		818,422
20	00,433	181,901		907,356
	912	728		5,460
	-	- -		183 45,779
	1,416	1,285		105,154
4	55,736	13,615		109,657
	7,904	-		9,021
\$ 1,44	\$ \$	644,254	\$	4,076,419
\$	2,570 \$	-	\$	13,297
<b>~</b>	-,	18,959	•	149,643
	-	-		5,398
	_	2,784		19,446
	-			13,965
	2,570	21,743	-	201,749
	877	696		5,206
19	5,867	177,757		886,242
	-	-		45,787
19	6,744	178,453		937,235
	7,904	-		9,021
2	2,452	_		32,452
1.20	8,008	- -		1,208,008
1,20	,000	444,058		444,058
	-	-		9,136
	-	-		11,322
	-	<del>-</del> _		1,223,438
1,24	8,364	444,058		2,937,435
\$ 1,44	7,678 \$	644,254	\$	4,076,419

#### EUREKA SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 44-1 RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2023

Total fund balances - governmental funds	\$ 2,937,435
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:	
Net pension asset reported in governmental activities is not an available financial resource and therefore is not reported in the funds.	5,318
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not current financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds. The capitalized cost of the capital assets is \$8,993,226 and the accumulated depreciation is (\$2,172,135) for a net amount of \$6,821,091.	6,821,091
Pension related deferred outflows are components of pension liability (asset)	0,821,091
and therefore are not reported in the funds.	529,875
Long term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds. Long-term liabilities consist of compensated absences of \$20,764, bonds payable of \$3,100,000, State of South Dakota LED lighting loan \$48,740, and unamortized bond premium of	
\$111,622.	(3,281,126)
Assets such as taxes receivable (delinquent) are not available to pay for current period expenditures and therefore are deferred in the funds.	5,206
Pension related deferred inflows are components of pension liability (asset) and therefore are not reported in the funds.	 (311,793)
Total net position - governmental funds	\$ 6,706,006

#### EUREKA SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 44-1 STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

		General Fund
REVENUES:		
Revenue from local sources:		
Taxes:		
Ad valorem taxes	\$	1,478,131
Prior years' ad valorem taxes		3,045
Tax deed revenue		450
Utility taxes		36,530
Penalties and interest on taxes		2,052
Earnings on investments and deposits		24,503
Cocurricular activities:		
Admissions		8,320
Other pupil activity income		63,791
Other revenue from local sources:		
Rentals		19,111
Contributions and donations		6,288
Charges for services		4,361
Other	-	4,881
Total revenue from local sources		1,651,463
Revenue from intermediate sources		
County sources:		
County appointment		4,637
Revenue in lieu of taxes		989
Total revenue from intermediate sources		5,626
Revenue from state sources:		
Grants-in-aid:		
Unrestricted grants-in-aid		334,869
Restricted grants-in-aid		31,785
Tax base on shooting areas		2,942
Total revenue from state sources		369,596
Revenue from federal sources:		
Grants-in-aid:		
Restricted grants-in-aid thru federal govt		7,203
Restricted grants-in-aid thru state		157,799
Other federal revenue		1,299
Total revenue from federal sources		166,301
Total revenues	\$	2,192,986

Capital Outlay Fund		Special Education Fund		Total Governmental Funds	
\$	500,506	\$	451,487	\$	2,430,124
Ψ	933	*	732	Ψ	4,710
	_		-		450
	-				36,530
	761		645		3,458
	25,454		7,687		57,644
	-		-		8,320
	-		-		63,791
	-		-		19,11
	10,995	2 2 4 2		17,283	
	4,861		3,342	7,7	
	543,510		463,893		9,742 2,658,866
	,		,		,
			-		4,637
					989
	-		-		5,626
	_		-		334,869
	-		-		31,785
	1,416		1,285		5,643
	1,416		1,285		372,297
	_		_		7,203
	79,245		46,739		283,783
			-		1,299
	79,245		46,739		292,285
\$	624,171	\$	511,917	\$	3,329,074

#### EUREKA SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 44-1 STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

	 General Fund
Expenditures:	
Instruction:	
Regular programs:	
Elementary	\$ 550,279
Middle/junior high	161,944
High school	374,946
Preschool	29,103
Special programs:	
Programs for special education	-
Educationally deprived	69,427
Other special programs	 9,488
Total instruction	1,195,187
Support services:	
Pupils:	
Attendance and social work	-
Guidance	6,280
Health	237
Psychological	~
Speech pathology	-
Audiology services	-
Student therapy services	-
Instructional staff:	
Improvement of instruction	97
Educational media	57,436
General administration:	20 740
Board of education	20,749
Executive administration	85,090
School administration:	94 970
Office of the principal Other support services	84,872 291
Business:	491
Fiscal services	96,887
Facilities acquisition & construction	70,007
Operation and maintenance of plant	305,109
Pupil transportation	110,505
Food services	7,815
Other	-,015
Special education:	
Administrative costs	-
Transportation costs	-
Other	-
Total support services	\$ 775,368

Cap	ital Outlay Fund	A	Special Education Fund	- <del> </del>	Total Governmental Funds
٥	00.054	•		<b>A</b>	
\$	22,954 500	\$	-	\$	573,233
	2,974		_		162,444 377,920
	2,574		_		29,103
	_		-		29,103
	_		346,178		346,178
	-		´-		69,427
			-		9,488
	26,428		346,178		1,567,793
	-		3,383		3,383
	2,355		-		8,635
	-		-		237
			16,769		16,769
			72,326		72,326
	-		582		582
	-		55,444		55,444
	-		-		97
	6,860		-		64,296
	-		-		20,749
	-		-		85,090
	_		-		84,872
	-		-		291
	5,562		-		102,449
	7,164		-		7,164
	16,453		-		321,562
	14,834		-		125,339
	394		-		8,209
	4,900		-		4,900
	-		17,280		17,280
	-		1,008		1,008
			6,420		6,420
\$	58,522	\$	173,212	\$	1,007,102

#### EUREKA SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 44-1 STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

		General Fund
Nonprogrammed charges:		
Early retirement payments	\$	45,213
Debt Services		-
Cocurricular activities:		
Male activities		34,605
Female activities		29,284
Transportation		42,206
Combined activities		65,972
Total cocurricular activities		172,067
Capital outlay		-
Total expenditures/expenses		2,187,835
Other financing sources (uses)		
Transfers out		(40,000)
Compensation for loss of general capital assets		-
Total other financing sources (uses)		(40,000)
Net change in fund balances		(34,849)
Fund balance - beginning	-	1,279,862
Fund balance - ending	\$	1,245,013

Capital Outlay Fund		S	pecial Education Fund	Total Governmental Funds		
7	1 dild		Tund		1 ulus	
\$	- 298,512	\$	- -	\$	45,213 298,512	
	5,553 -		- - -		40,158 29,284 42,206	
	683		-		66,655	
	6,236		-		178,303	
	188,217		-		188,217	
·	577,915		519,390		3,285,140	
	3,457 3,457		- -		(40,000) 3,457 (36,543)	
	49,713		(7,473)		7,391	
	1,198,651		451,531		2,930,044	
\$	1,248,364	\$	444,058	\$	2,937,435	

# EUREKA SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 44-1 RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds	\$ 7,391
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:	
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which depreciation expense exceeded capital outlay.	(6,955)
In both the government-wide and fund financial statements, revenues from property tax levies are applied to finance the budget of a particular period. Accounting for revenues from property tax accruals in the funds' statements differs from the accounting in the government wide statements in that the fund financial statements require the amounts to be "available". This amount reflects the application of both the application period and "availability criteria".	1,036
Governmental funds recognize expenditures for amounts of compensated absences and early retirement benefits actually paid to employees with current financial resources during the fiscal year. Amounts of compensated absences earned by employees are not recognized in the funds. In the statement of activities, expenses for these benefits are recognized when the employees earn leave credits. These expenses consist of the change in compensated absences of \$139.	(139)
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. These expenses consist of the change in amortization of bond premiums of \$9,301 and reduction in pension expense of \$30,553.	39,854
Payment of principal on long-term debt is an expenditure in the governmental funds but the payment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net position.	 226,100
Change in net position of governmental activities	\$ 267,287

#### EUREKA SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 44-1 STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2023

	Food Service Fund		Other Enterprise Funds		Total Proprietary Funds	
ASSETS:						
Current assets:						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	14,434	\$	14,297	\$	28,731
Inventories-materials and supplies		727		-		727
Inventories-stores for resale		584				584
Total Current Assets		15,745		14,297		30,042
Noncurrent assets:						
Net pension asset		200		-		200
Capital assets						
Machinery and equipment		82,842		6,268		89,110
Accumulated depreciation		(64,981)		(2,194)		(67,175)
Total Noncurrent Assets		18,061		4,074		22,135
TOTAL ASSETS		33,806		18,371		52,177
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES:						
Pension related deferred outflows		20,296		_		20,296
TOTAL DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES		20,296				20,296
LIABILITIES:						
Current liabilities:						
Accounts Payable		129		426		555
Benefits payable		89		_		89
Unearned revenue		13,135		-		13,135
Total current liabilities		13,353		426		13,779
TOTAL LIABILITIES		13,353		426		13,779
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES:						
Pension related deferred inflows		11,987		-		11,987
TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		11,987				11,987
NET POSITION						
Net Investment in Capital Assets		17,861		4,074		21,935
Restricted for SDRS		8,509		-		8,509
Unrestricted		2,392		13,871		16,263
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$	28,762	\$	17,945	\$	46,707

#### EUREKA SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 44-1 STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2023

		d Service Fund	Other Enterprise Funds		Total Proprie Funds	
OPERATING REVENUES						
Sales		10.060	•		•	10.010
To pupils	\$	40,369	\$	-	\$	40,369
To adults		7,867		-		7,867
A la carte		12,181		2.250		12,181
Other charges for goods and services		1,627		2,350		3,977
Total operating revenues		62,044		2,350		64,394
OPERATING EXPENSES						
Salaries		65,353		1,998		67,351
Employee benefits		28,133		273		28,406
Purchased services		424		-		424
Supplies		6,662		792		7,454
Cost of sales - purchased food		60,509		•••		60,509
Cost of sales - donated food		7,892		_		7,892
Depreciation		2,832		628		3,460
Total operating expenses		171,805	3	3,691		175,496
Operating loss		(109,761)	1	(1,341)	n	(111,102)
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENS	ES)					
Local sources						
Interest earnings		334		212		546
Rentals		_		4,083		4,083
Other local revenue		_		306		306
State sources						
State grants		256		-		256
Federal sources						
Cash reimbursements		49,626		-		
5 10 1		7 000				49,626
Donated food		7,892		_		49,626 7,892
Total nonoperating revenues		58,108		4,601		-
				4,601 3,260		7,892
Total nonoperating revenues		58,108				7,892 62,709
Total nonoperating revenues  Income before contributions, special items		58,108 (51,653)				7,892 62,709 (48,393)
Total nonoperating revenues  Income before contributions, special items  Transfers in		58,108 (51,653) 40,000		3,260		7,892 62,709 (48,393) 40,000

#### EUREKA SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 44-1 STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

		Food Service Fund	Et	Other nterprise Funds	Pr	Total oprietary Funds
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES Receipts from customers	\$	65,889	\$	2,350	\$	68,239
Payments to employees for services	Ψ	(94,179)	Ψ	(2,271)	Φ	(96,450)
Payments to suppliers of goods and services		(69,478)		(838)		(70,316)
Net cash used by operating activities	-	(97,768)		(759)		(98,527)
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES						
Transfers from the general fund		40,000		-		40,000
Other local revenue		-		306		306
Operating grants	_	49,882			_	49,882
Net cash provided by noncapital financing activities		89,882	_	306	_	90,188
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES						
Interest earnings		334		212		546
Proceeds from rental activities	_	- 224	-	4,083		4,083
Net cash provided by investing activities	-	334	_	4,295	-	4,629
NET CHANGE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS		(7,552)		3,842		(3,710)
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT BEGINNING OF YEAR	-	21,986		10,455		32,441
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT END OF YEAR	\$	14,434	\$	14,297	\$	28,731
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME TO NET CASH USED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES Operating loss		(109,761)	\$	(1,341)	\$	(111,102)
ADJUSTMENTS TO RECONCILE OPERATING INCOME TO NET CASH USED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES Depreciation expense		2,832		628		3,460
Value of donated commodities used Change in assets and liabilities		7,892		-		7,892
Inventories		(41)		-		(41)
Accounts and other payables		2,003		(46)		1,957
Change in pension asset/(liability)	_	(693)		-		(693)
Net cash used by operating activities	\$	(97,768)	\$	(759)	\$	(98,527)
Noncash investing, capital and financing activities	:					
Value of commodities received	\$	7,892	\$	-	\$	7,892

#### EUREKA SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 44-1 STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2023

	Private Trus	Custodial Funds		
ASSETS				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	3,876	\$	75,537
Certificates of deposit	*	36,375	/ <del></del>	-
TOTAL ASSETS		40,251		75,537
NET POSITION				
Restricted for student activities		_		75,537
Restricted for scholarships		40,251	-	
TOTAL NET POSITION		40,251	\$	75,537

#### EUREKA SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 44-1 STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY FUND NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2023

	Purpose Trust Funds	Cus	todial Funds
ADDITIONS Collections for student activities Other additions	\$ 138	\$	121,265
Total additions	138		121,265
DEDUCTIONS Payments for student activities Other deductions	 300	r <u></u>	118,107
Total deductions	300		118,107
Change in net position	(162)		3,158
Total net position - July 1, 2022	 40,413		72,379
Total net position - June 30, 2023	\$ 40,251	\$	75,537

EUREKA SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 44-1 NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023 (See Independent Auditors' Report)

#### NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accounting policies of the School District conform to generally accepted accounting principles applicable to government entities in the United States of America.

#### a. Financial Reporting Entity

The reporting entity of the Eureka School District No. 44-1, consists of the primary government (which includes all of the funds, organizations, institutions, agencies, departments, and offices that make up the legal entity, plus those funds for which the primary government has a fiduciary responsibility, even though those fiduciary funds may represent organizations that do not meet the criteria for inclusion in the financial reporting entity); those organizations for which the primary government is financially accountable; those organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the primary government are such that their exclusion would cause the financial reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete.

The School District participates in a cooperative service unit with several other school districts. See detailed note entitled "Joint Ventures" for specific disclosures. Joint ventures do not meet the criteria for inclusion in the financial reporting entity as a component unit, but are discussed in these notes because of the nature of their relationship with the School District.

#### b. Basis of Presentation

#### Government-wide Financial Statements

The Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities display information about the reporting entity as a whole. They include all funds of the reporting entity except for fiduciary funds. The statements distinguish between governmental and business-type activities. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other non-exchange revenues. Business-type activities are financed in whole or in part by fees charged to external parties for goods or services.

The Statement of Net Position reports all financial and capital resources, in a net position form (assets minus liabilities, equal net position). Net Position is displayed in three components, as applicable, net investment in capital assets, restricted (distinguishing between major categories of restrictions), and unrestricted.

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - Page 2 (See Independent Auditors' Report)

The Statement of Activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each segment of the business-type activities of the School District and for each function of the School District's governmental activities. Direct expenses and those that are specifically associated with a program or function and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include (a) charges paid by recipients of goods and services offered by the programs and (b) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented as general revenues.

#### **Fund Financial Statements**

Fund financial statements of the reporting entity are organized into funds, each of which is considered to be a separate accounting entity. Each fund is accounted for by providing a separate set of self-balancing accounts that constitute its assets, liabilities, fund equity, revenues, and expenditures/expenses. Funds are organized into three major categories: governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary. An emphasis is placed on major funds within the governmental and proprietary categories. A fund is considered major if it is the primary operating fund of the School District or it meets the following criteria:

- 1. Total assets, liabilities, revenues, or expenditures/expenses of the individual governmental or enterprise fund are at least ten percent of the corresponding total for all funds of that category or type, and;
- 2. Total assets, liabilities, revenues, or expenditures/expenses of the individual governmental or enterprise fund are at least five percent of the corresponding total for all governmental and enterprise funds combined, or;
- 3. Management has elected to classify one or more governmental or enterprise funds as major for consistency in reporting from year to year, or because of public interest in the fund's operations.

The funds of the School District financial reporting entity are described below within their respective fund types:

#### **Governmental Funds**

General Fund - A fund established by South Dakota Codified Laws (SDCL) 13-16-3 to meet all the general operational costs of the School District, excluding Capital Outlay Fund and Special Education Fund expenditures. The General Fund is always a major fund.

Special Revenue Funds - special revenue funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes.

Special Education Fund - A fund established by SDCL 13-37-16 to pay the costs for the special education of all children in need of special assistance and prolonged assistance who reside within the School District. This fund is financed by grants and property taxes. This is a major fund.

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - Page 3 (See Independent Auditors' Report)

Capital Outlay Fund - A fund established by SDCL 13-16-6 to meet expenditures which result in the lease of, acquisition of or additions to real property, plant or equipment, textbooks and instructional software. This fund is financed by property taxes. This is a major fund.

#### **Proprietary Funds**

Enterprise Funds - Enterprise funds may be used to report any activity for which a fee is charged to external users for goods or services. Activities are required to be reported as enterprise funds if any one of the following criteria is met.

- a. The activity is financed with debt that is secured solely by a pledge of the net revenues from fees and charges of the activity. Debt that is secured by a pledge of net revenues from fees and charges and the full faith and credit of a related primary government or component unit even if that government is not expected to make any payments is not solely from fees and charges of the activity. (Some debt may be secured, in part, by a portion of its own proceeds but should be considered as payable "solely" from the revenues of the activity.)
- b. Laws or regulations require that the activity's costs of providing services, including capital costs (such as depreciation or debt services), be recovered with fees and charges, rather than with taxes or similar revenues.
- c. The pricing policies of the activity establish fees and charges designed to recover its costs, including capital costs (such as depreciation or debt service).

Food Service Fund - A fund used to record financial transactions related to food service operations. This fund is financed by user charges and grants. This is a major fund.

The Other Enterprise Fund is an enterprise fund maintained by the School District. This is not a major fund.

#### **Fiduciary Funds**

Fiduciary funds consist of the following sub-categories and are never considered to be a major funds:

Private-Purpose Trust Funds - Private-purpose trust funds are used to account for all other trust arrangements under which principal and income benefit individuals, private organizations, or other governments. The School District maintains only the following private-purpose trust funds: Scholarships.

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - Page 4 (See Independent Auditors' Report)

Custodial Funds - Custodial funds are used to report fiduciary activities that are not required to be reported in pension trust funds, investment trust funds, or private-purpose trust funds. The School District maintains custodial funds to hold assets as an agent in a trustee capacity for various classes, clubs, and so on.

#### c. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

Measurement focus is a term used to describe "how" transactions are recorded within the various financial statements. Basis of accounting refers to "when" revenues and expenditures or expenses are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements, regardless of the measurement focus.

#### **Measurement Focus**

#### Government-wide Financial Statements

In the Government-wide Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities, both governmental and business-type activities are presented using the economic resources measurement focus, applied on the accrual basis of accounting.

#### Fund Financial Statements

In the fund financial statements, the "current financial resources" measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting are applied to governmental type funds, while the "economic resources" measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting are applied to the proprietary and similar fiduciary funds.

#### **Basis of Accounting**

#### Government-wide Financial Statements

In the Government-wide Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities, governmental and business-type activities are presented using the accrual basis of accounting. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues and related assets generally are recorded when earned (usually when the right to receive cash vests); and, expenses and related liabilities are recorded when an obligation is incurred (usually when the obligation to pay cash in the future vests).

#### **Fund Financial Statements**

All governmental funds are accounted for using the modified accrual basis of accounting. Their revenues, including property taxes, generally are recognized when they become measurable and available. "Available" means resources are collected or to be collected soon enough after the end of the fiscal year that they can be used to pay the bills of the current period. The accrual period does not exceed one bill-paying cycle, and for the Eureka School District No. 44-1, the length of that cycle is 60 days. The revenues which are accrued at June 30, 2023 are expected federal reimbursements, state reimbursements, utility taxes, and miscellaneous reimbursements.

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - Page 5 (See Independent Auditors' Report)

Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, receivables may be measurable but not available. Available means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period. Unavailable revenues, where asset recognition criteria have been met, but for which revenue recognition criteria have not been met, are reported as a deferred inflow of resources.

Expenditures generally are recognized when the related fund liability is incurred. Exceptions to this general rule include principal and interest on general long-term debt which are recognized when due.

All Proprietary Funds and Fiduciary Fund Types are accounted for using the accrual basis of accounting. Their revenues are recognized when they are earned, and their expenses are recognized when they are incurred.

d. Interfund Eliminations and Reclassifications

Government Wide Financial Statements

In the process of aggregating data for the government-wide financial statements, some amounts reported as interfund activity and balances in the fund financial statements have been eliminated or reclassified as follows:

1. In order to minimize the grossing-up effect on assets and liabilities within the governmental and business-type activities columns of the primary government, amounts reported as interfund receivables and payables have been eliminated in the governmental and business-type activities columns.

#### e. Deposits and Investments

For the purpose of financial reporting, "cash and cash equivalents" includes all demand and savings accounts and certificates of deposit or short-term investments with a term to maturity at date of acquisition of three months or less. Investments in open-end mutual fund shares, or similar investments in external investment pools, are also considered to be cash equivalents.

Investments classified in the financial statements consist entirely of certificates of deposit whose term to maturity at date of acquisition exceeds three months, and/or those types of investment authorized by South Dakota Codified Law (SDCL) 4-5-6.

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - Page 6 (See Independent Auditors' Report)

#### f. Capital Assets

Capital assets include land, buildings, machinery and equipment, and all other tangible or intangible assets that are used in operations and that have initial useful lives extending beyond a single reporting period.

The accounting treatment over capital assets depends on whether the assets are used in governmental fund operations or proprietary fund operations and whether they are reported in the government-wide or fund financial statements.

#### Government-Wide Statements

All capital assets are valued at historical cost or estimated historical cost if actual historical cost is not available. Donated capital assets are valued at their acquisition value on the date donated. Reported cost values include ancillary charges necessary to place the asset into its intended location and condition for use. Subsequent to initial capitalization, improvements, or betterments that are significant and which extend the useful life of a capital asset are also capitalized.

For governmental activities Capital Assets, construction-period interest is not capitalized, in accordance with USGAAP. For capital assets used in business-type activities/proprietary fund's operations, construction period interest is not capitalized in accordance with USGAAP.

The total June 30, 2023 balance of capital assets for governmental activities includes approximately 90 percent for which the costs were determined by estimates of the original costs. The total June 30, 2023 balance of capital assets for business-type activities are all valued at original cost.

Depreciation/amortization of all exhaustible capital assets is recorded as an allocated expense in the government-wide Statement of Activities with net capital assets reflected in the Statement of Net Position. Accumulated depreciation/amortization is reported on the government-wide Statement of Net Position and on the proprietary fund's Statement of Net Position.

Capitalization thresholds (the dollar values above which asset acquisitions are added to the capital asset accounts), depreciation/amortization methods, and estimated useful lives of capital assets reported in the government-wide statements and proprietary funds are as follows:

	Capitalization Threshold		Estimated Useful Life
Land	Any Amount	N/A	N/A
Improvements, other than buildings	\$ 5,000	Straight-line	25-40 years
Buildings	5,000	Straight-line	50-100 years
Machinery and equipment	5,000	Straight-line	10-20 years
Intangible lease assets	5,000	Straight-line	5-20 years
Intangible subscription assets	5,000	Straight-line	3-20 years

Land is an inexhaustible capital asset and is not depreciated.

Depreciation/

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - Page 7 (See Independent Auditors' Report)

#### **Fund Financial Statements**

In the fund financial statements, capital assets used in governmental fund operations are accounted for as capital expenditures of the appropriate governmental fund upon acquisition. Capital assets used in proprietary fund operations are accounted for on the accrual basis, the same as in the government-wide statements.

#### g. Long-Term Liabilities

The accounting treatment of long-term liabilities depends on whether the assets are used in governmental fund operations or proprietary fund operations and whether they are reported in the governmental-wide or fund financial statements.

All long-term liabilities to be repaid from governmental and business-type resources are reported as liabilities in the government-wide statements. The long-term liabilities primarily consist of State of South Dakota LED lighting loan, capital outlay certificates, and compensated absences.

In the fund financial statements, debt proceeds are reported as revenues (other financing sources), while payments of principal and interest are reported as expenditures when they become due. The accounting for proprietary fund long-term debt is on the accrual basis, the same in the fund statements as in the government-wide statements.

#### h. Leases

#### **Lessor:**

The School District is a lessor for a noncancellable lease of real estate. The School District recognizes a lease receivable and a deferred inflow of resources in the government-wide and governmental fund financial statements.

At the commencement of a lease, the School District initially measures the lease receivable at the present value of payments expected to be received during the lease term. Subsequently, the lease receivable is reduced by the principal portion of lease payments received. The deferred inflow of resources is initially measured as the initial amount of the lease receivable, adjusted for lease payments received at or before the lease commencement date. Subsequently, the deferred inflow of resources is recognized as revenue over the life of the lease term.

Key estimates and judgments include how the School District determines (1) the discount rate it uses to discount the expected lease receipts to present value, (2) lease term, and (3) lease receipts.

The School District monitors changes in circumstances that would require a remeasurement of its lease, and will remeasure the lease receivable and deferred inflows of resources if certain changes occur that are expected to significantly affect the amount of the lease receivable.

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - Page 8 (See Independent Auditors' Report)

#### i. Program Revenues

In the government-wide Statement of Activities, reported program revenues derive directly from the program itself or from parties other than the School District's taxpayers or citizenry, as a whole. Program revenues are classified into three categories, as follows:

- 1: Charges for services These arise from charges to customers, applicants, or others who purchase, use, or directly benefit from the goods, services or privileges provided, or are otherwise directly affected by the services.
- 2: Program-specific operating grants and contributions These arise from mandatory and voluntary non-exchange transactions with other governments, organizations, or individuals that are restricted for use in a particular program.
- 3: Program-specific capital grants and contributions These arise from mandatory and voluntary non-exchange transactions with other governments, organizations, or individuals that are restricted for the acquisition of capital assets for use in a particular program.

#### j. Deferred Inflows and Deferred Outflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position reports a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. Deferred outflows of resources represent consumption of net position that applies to a future period or periods. These items will not be recognized as an outflow of resources until the applicable future period.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position reports a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. Deferred inflows of resources represent acquisitions of net position that applies to a future period or periods. These items will not be recognized as an inflow of resources until the applicable future period.

#### k. Proprietary Funds Revenue and Expense Classifications

In the proprietary fund's Statement of Activities, revenues and expenses are classified in a manner consistent with how they are classified in the Statement of Cash Flows. That is, transactions for which related cash flows are reported as capital and related financing activities, noncapital financing activities, or investing activities are not reported as components of operating revenues or expenses.

#### l. Cash and Cash Equivalents

The School District pools its cash resources for depositing and investing purposes. Accordingly, the enterprise funds have access to their cash resources on demand. Accordingly, all reported enterprise fund deposit and investment balances are considered to be cash equivalents for the purpose of the Statement of Cash Flows.

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - Page 9 (See Independent Auditors' Report)

#### m. Equity Classifications

Government-wide Financial Statements

Equity is classified as Net Position and is displayed in three components:

- 1: Net Investment in Capital Assets Consists of capital assets, including restricted capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation (if applicable) and reduced by the outstanding balances of any bonds, mortgages, notes, or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets.
- 2: Restricted Net Position Consists of net position with constraints placed on their use either by (1) external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws and regulations of other governments; or (2) law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- 3: Unrestricted Net Position All other net position that do not meet the definition of "restricted" or "net investment in capital assets."

#### Fund Financial Statements

Governmental fund equity is classified as fund balance, and is distinguished between Nonspendable, Restricted, Committed, Assigned or Unassigned components. Proprietary fund equity is classified the same as in the government-wide financial statements. Fiduciary fund equity is reported as restricted net position.

#### n. Application of Net Position

It is the School District's policy to first use restricted net position, prior to the use of unrestricted net position, when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position are available.

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - Page 10 (See Independent Auditors' Report)

#### o. Fund Balance Classification Policies and Procedures

In accordance with Government Accounting Standards Board (GASB) No. 54, Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions, the School District classifies governmental fund balances as follows:

Nonspendable - includes fund balance amounts that cannot be spent either because it is not in spendable form or because of legal or contractual constraints.

<u>Restricted</u> - includes fund balance amounts that are constrained for specific purposes which are externally imposed by providers, such as creditors or amounts constrained due to constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

<u>Committed</u> - includes fund balance amounts that are constrained for specific purposes that are internally imposed by the government through formal action of the highest level of decision-making authority and does not lapse at year-end.

<u>Assigned</u> - includes fund balance amounts that are intended to be used for specific purposes that are neither considered restricted or committed. Fund Balance may be assigned by the School Board.

<u>Unassigned</u> - includes positive fund balance within the General Fund which has not been classified within the above mentioned categories and negative fund balances in other governmental funds.

The School District uses restricted/committed amounts first when both restricted and unrestricted fund balance is available unless there are legal documents/contracts that prohibit doing this, such as a grant agreement requiring dollar for dollar spending. Additionally, the Government would first use committed, then assigned, and lastly unassigned amounts of unrestricted fund balance when expenditures are made.

The Government does not have a formal minimum fund balance policy.

#### p. Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension asset, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension revenue, information about the fiduciary net position of the South Dakota Retirement System (SDRS) and additions/deletions from SDRS's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by SDRS. School District contributions and net pension asset are recognized on an accrual basis of accounting.

## NOTE 2 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS CREDIT RISK, CONCENTRATIONS OF CREDIT RISK AND INTEREST RATE RISK

The School District follows the practice of aggregating the cash assets of various funds to maximize cash management efficiency and returns. Various restrictions on deposits and investments are imposed by statutes. These restrictions are summarized below:

Deposits - The District's deposits are made in qualified public depositories as defined by SDCL 4-6A-1, 13-16-15, 13-16-15.1 and 13-16-18.1. Qualified depositories are required by SDCL 4-6A-3 to maintain at all times, segregated from their other assets, eligible collateral having a value equal to at least 100 percent of the public deposit accounts which exceed deposit insurance such as the FDIC and NCUA. In lieu of pledging eligible securities, a qualified public depository may furnish irrevocable standby letters of credit issued by federal home loan banks accompanied by written evidence of that bank's public debt rating which may not be less than "AA" or a qualified public depository may furnish a corporate surety bond of a corporation authorized to do business in South Dakota.

Investments - In general, SDCL 4-5-6 permits school funds to be invested in (a) securities of the United States and securities guaranteed by the United States Government either directly or indirectly; or (b) repurchase agreements fully collateralized by securities described in (a) above; or in shares of an open-end, no-load fund administered by an investment company whose investments are in securities described in (a) above and repurchase agreements described in (b) above. Also, SDCL 4-5-9 requires that investments shall be in the physical custody of the political subdivision or may be deposited in a safekeeping account with any bank or trust company designated by the political subdivision as its fiscal agent.

Credit Risk - State law limits eligible investments for the School District as discussed above. The School District has no investment policy that would further limit its investment choices.

As of June 30, 2023, all of the School District's investments were in certificates of deposit.

Concentration of Credit Risk - The School District places no limit on the amount that may be invested to any one issuer.

Interest Rate Risk - The School District does not have a formal investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates.

Assignment of Investment Income - State law allows income from deposits and investments to be credited to either the General Fund or the fund making the investment. The School District's policy is to credit all income to the fund making the investment.

#### **NOTE 3 - RECEIVABLES AND PAYABLES**

Receivables and payables are not aggregated in these financial statements. The School District expects all receivables to be collected within one year.

#### **NOTE 4 - INVENTORY**

Inventory is valued at the lower of cost or market. The cost valuation method is first-in, first-out. Donated commodities are valued at estimated market value based on the USDA price list at date of receipt.

In the government-wide financial statements, and in the enterprise fund financial statements, inventory items are initially recorded as assets and charged to expense in the various functions of government as they are consumed.

In the governmental fund financial statements, inventories consist of expendable supplies held for consumption. The cost is recorded as an expenditure at the time individual inventory items are purchased. Reported inventories are equally offset by Nonspendable Fund Balance which indicates that they do not constitute "available spendable resources" even though they are a component of net current assets.

#### **NOTE 5 - PROPERTY TAXES**

Property taxes are levied on or before each October 1, attach as an enforceable lien on property, and become due and payable as of the following January 1, and are payable in two installments on or before April 30 and October 31 of the following year. The county bills and collects the School District's taxes and remits them to the School District. School District property tax revenues are recognized to the extent that they are used to finance each year's appropriations. Revenue related to current year property taxes receivable which is not intended to be used to finance the current year's appropriations and therefore and not susceptible to accrual has been reported as deferred revenue in both the fund financial statements and the government-wide financial statements. Additionally, in the fund financial statements, revenue from property taxes may be limited by any amount not collected during the current fiscal period or within the "availability period."

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - Page 13 (See Independent Auditors' Report)

#### NOTE 6 - CHANGES IN CAPITAL ASSETS

A summary of changes in capital assets for year ended June 30, 2023 is as follows:

	Balance 07/01/2022	Increases	Decreases	Balance 06/30/2023
Primary Government				<del>,</del>
Governmental activities				
Capital assets, not being depreciated				
Land	\$ 44,472	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 44,472
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	44,472	-	_	44,472
being depreciated	11,172	-		
Capital assets, being depreciated				
Buildings	5,986,705	-	-	5,986,705
Improvements other than buildings	1,647,225	67,321	-	1,714,546
Machinery and equipment  Total capital assets, being	1,126,607	120,896		1,247,503
depreciated	8,760,537	188,217	_	8,948,754
•				
Less accumulated depreciation for	057 455	71.504		000 070
Buildings	857,455 556,896	71,524 70,513	-	928,979
Improvements other than buildings  Machinery and equipment	562,612	70,313 53,135	-	627,409 615,747
Machinery and equipment	302,012			013,747
Total accumulated depreciation	1,976,963	195,172		2,172,135
Total capital assets, being				
depreciated, net	6,783,574	(6,955)	-	6,776,619
Governmental activity capital				
assets, net	\$ 6,828,046	\$ (6,955)	\$ -	\$ 6,821,091
				·——
Depreciation expense was charged to functions as follows:	lows:			
Governmental activities				6/30/2023
Instructional				\$ 44,093
Support Services				119,027
Cocurricular				32,052
Total depreciation expense -				m 105 170
governmental activities				\$ 195,172

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - Page 14 (See Independent Auditors' Report)

		Balance 7/01/2022	I	ncreases	Dec	creases		Balance 6/30/2023
Business-type activities								
Capital assets, being depreciated					_			
Machinery and equipment	\$	89,110	\$		\$	-	_ \$	89,110
Total capital assets, being depreciated		89,110						89,110
Less accumulated depreciation for	-	69,110						69,110
Machinery and equipment		63,715		3,460				67,175
Total accumulated depreciation		63,715		3,460		_		67,175
Total business-type activities, capital assets, being								
depreciated, net		25,395		(3,460)		-		21,935
Business-type activities								
capital assets, net	\$	25,395	\$	(3,460)	\$	•••	\$	21,935
Depreciation expense was charged to functions as fo	ollows:						6	/30/2023
Business-type activities								30/2023
Food Service							\$	2,832
Other								628
Total depreciation expense -							\$	3,460
business-type activities							-	

#### **NOTE 7 - LONG-TERM LIABILITIES**

A summary of the changes in long-term liabilities for the year ended June 30, 2023 is as follows:

	Beginning Balance 07/01/2022	A	dditions	Deletions	Ending Balance 06/30/2023	ue Within One Year
Primary government						
Governmental activities						
Capital outlay certificates 2021	\$ 3,320,000	\$	_	\$ (220,000)	\$ 3,100,000	\$ 225,000
State of South Dakota	54,840		-	(6,100)	48,740	6,100
Compensated absences	20,625		4,489	(4,350)	20,764	 -
Total governmental activities	\$ 3,395,465	\$	4,489	\$ (230,450)	\$ 3,169,504	\$ 231,100

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - Page 15 (See Independent Auditors' Report)

Long-term liabilities payable at June 30, 2023, is comprised of the following:	*
Debt payable to State of South Dakota, maturing May 2032, made from the Capital Outlay Fund.	\$ 48,740
Capital Outlay Certificates, Series 2021, maturing January 1, 2035, 2.00% interest, semi annual interest payments and annual principal payments, made from the Capital Outlay Fund.	3,100,000
Compensated Absences, payments to be made by the fund that the payroll expenditures are charged within.	20,764
Total long term-debt	\$ 3,169,504

The annual debt service requirements to maturity for bonds payable and capital outlay certificates outstanding as of June 30, 2023 are as follows:

Capital Outlay
Certificates, Series 2021

Year Ending June 30		Principal		Interest
2024	\$	225,000	\$	35,700
2025		235,000		64,650
2026		235,000		57,600
2027		245,000		50,550
2028		250,000		43,200
2029-3033		1,330,000		139,000
3034-3035		580,000	,	17,500
	\$ 3	3,100,000	\$	408,200

#### NOTE 8 - INDIVIDUAL FUND INTERFUND BALANCES AND INTERFUND TRANSFERS

Interfund transfers for the year ended June 30, 2023 were as follows:

	T	ransfers	Transfers		
6/30/2023		In		Out	Total
General Fund	\$	_	\$	(40,000)	\$ (40,000)
Food Service Fund		40,000			 40,000
Total	\$	40,000	\$	(40,000)	\$ -

Transfers from the General Fund to the Food Service Fund were made due to revenues being insufficient to support the expenditures of the fund. These interfund transfers are not violations of the statutory restrictions on interfund transfers.

#### **NOTE 9 - RESTRICTED NET POSITION**

<u>Fund</u>	Restricted By	06/30/2023
Special Education	Law	\$ 444,754
Capital Outlay	Law	1,249,241
SDRS Pension Purposes	Law	231,909
Total Restricted Net Position		\$ 1,925,904

These balances are restricted due to statutory requirements.

#### **NOTE 10 - PENSION PLAN**

#### Plan Information:

All permanent employees working twenty or more hours per week during the school year, participate in the South Dakota Retirement System (SDRS), a cost-sharing, multiple employer public employee retirement system established to provide retirement benefits for employees of the State of South Dakota and its political subdivisions. The SDRS provides retirement, disability and survivor benefits. The right to receive retirement benefits vests after three years of credited service. Authority for establishing, administering and amending plan provisions are found in South Dakota Codified Law 3-12. The SDRS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained at http://sdrs.sd.gov/publications.aspx or by writing to the SDRS, PO Box 1098, Pierre, South Dakota 57501-1098 or by calling (605) 773-3731.

#### **Benefits Provided:**

SDRS has four classes of members: Class A general members, Class B public safety and judicial members, Class C Cement Plant Retirement Fund members, and Class D Department of Labor and Regulation members.

Members that were hired before July 1, 2017, are Foundation members. Class A Foundation members and Class B Foundation members who retire after age 65 with three years of contributory service are entitled to an unreduced annual retirement benefit. An unreduced annual retirement benefit is also available after age 55 for Class A Foundation members where the sum of age and credited service is equal to or greater than 85 or after age 55 for Class B Foundation judicial members where the sum of age and credited service is equal to or greater than 80. Class B Foundation public safety members can retire with an unreduced annual retirement benefit after age 55 with three years of contributory service. An unreduced annual retirement benefit is also available after age 45 for Class B Foundation public safety members where the sum of age and credited service is equal to or greater than 75. All Foundation retirements that do not meet the above criteria may be payable at a reduced level.

Members that were hired on/after July 1, 2017, are Generational members. Class A Generational members and Class B Generational judicial members who retire after age 67 with three years of contributory service are entitled to an unreduced annual retirement benefit. Class B Generational public safety members can retire with an unreduced annual retirement benefit after age 57 with three years of contributory service. At retirement, married Generational members may elect a single-life benefit, a 60 percent joint and survivor benefit, or a 100 percent joint and survivor benefit. All Generational retirement benefits that do not meet the above criteria may be payable at a reduced level. Generational members will also have a variable retirement account (VRA) established, in which they will receive up to 1.5 percent of compensation funded by part of the employer contribution. VRAs will receive investment earnings based on investment returns.

Legislation enacted in 2017 established the current COLA process. At each valuation date:

Baseline actuarial accrued liabilities will be calculated assuming the COLA is equal to long-term inflation assumption of 2.25%.

If the fair value of assets is greater or equal to the baseline actuarial accrued liabilities, the COLA will be: The increase in the 3rd quarter CPI-W, no less than 0.5% and no greater than 3.5%

If the fair value of assets is less than the baseline actuarial accrued liabilities, the COLA will be:

The increase in the 3rd quarter CPI-W, no less than 0.5% and no greater than a restricted maximum such that, that if the restricted maximum is assumed for future COLAs, the fair value of assets will be greater or equal to the accrued liabilities.

Legislation enacted in 2021 reduced the minimum COLA from 0.5 percent to 0.0 percent.

All benefits except those depending on the Member's Accumulated Contributions are annually increased by the Cost-of-Living-Adjustment.

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - Page 18 (See Independent Auditors' Report)

#### **Contributions:**

Per SDCL 3-12, contribution requirements of the active employees and the participating employers are established and may be amended by the SDRS board. Covered employees are required by state statute to contribute the following percentages of their salary to the plan; Class A Members, 6% of salary; Class B Judiciary Members, 9.0% of salary; and Class B Public Safety Members, 8.0% of salary. State statute also requires the employer to contribute an amount equal to the employee's contribution. The School District's share of contributions to the SDRS for the years ended June 30, 2023, 2022, and 2021 was \$91,269, \$83,658, and \$77,022, respectively, equal to the required contributions each year.

#### <u>Pension Liabilities (Assets), Pension Revenue, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred</u> Inflows of Resources to Pensions:

At June 30, 2022, SDRS is 100.1% funded and accordingly has a net pension asset. The proportionate shares of the components of the net pension asset of South Dakota Retirement System, for the School District as of the measurement period ending June 30, 2022 and reported by the School District as of June 30, 2023 are as follows:

Proportionate share of pension liability	\$ 8,24	12,976
Less proportionate share of net pension restricted for pension benefits	8,24	18,494
Proportionate share of net pension asset	\$	(5,518)

At June 30, 2023, the School District reported an asset of \$5,518 for its proportionate share of the net pension asset. The net pension asset was measured as of June 30, 2022 and the total pension asset used to calculate the net pension asset was based on a projection of the School's share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the contributions of all participating entities. At June 30, 2022, the School District's proportion was .0583920%, which is a decrease of .0015808% from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2021.

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - Page 19 (See Independent Auditors' Report)

For the year ended June 30, 2023, the School District recognized reduction of pension expense of \$31,277. At June 30, 2023 the School District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	•	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred nflows of Resources
Difference between expected and actual experience	\$	105,047	\$	358
Changes in assumption		350,733		307,371
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments		-		13,225
Changes in proportion and difference between District contributions and proportionate share of contributions		3,122		2,826
School district contributions subsequent to the measurement date	_	91,269		
Total	\$	550,171	\$	323,780

\$91,269 reported as deferred outflow of resources related to pensions resulting from School District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ending June 30, 2024. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense(revenue) as follows:

Year Ended June 30:	
2024	\$ 38,192
2025	76,162
2026	(88,241)
2027	 109,009
TOTAL	\$ 135,122

#### **Actuarial Assumptions:**

The total pension asset in the June 30, 2022 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation 2.25 percent

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - Page 20 (See Independent Auditors' Report)

Graded by years of service, from 7.66% at entry to 3.15% after 25 years

Salary Increases of service

Discount Rate 6.5% net of plan investment expense. This is composed of an average

inflation rate of 2.50% and real returns of 4.00%

Future COLAs 2.10%

#### Mortality Rates

All mortality rates based on Pub-2010 amount-weighted mortality tables, projected generationally with improvement scale MP-2020

Active and Terminated Vested Members:

Teachers, Certified Regents, and Judicial: PubT-2010

Other Class A Members: PubG-2010 Public Safety Members: PubS-2010

Retired Members:

Teachers, Certified Regents, and Judicial Retirees: PubT-2010, 108% of rates above age 65 Other Class A Retirees: PubG-2010, 93% of rates through age 74, increasing by 2% per year

until 111% of rates at age 83 and above.

Public Safety Retirees: PubS-2010, 102% of rates at all ages

Beneficiaries:

PubG-2010 contingent survivor mortaility table

Disabled Members:

Public Safety: PubS-2010 disabled member mortality table

Others: PubG-2010 disabled member mortality table

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2022 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period of July 1, 2016 to June 30, 2021.

Investment portfolio management is the statutory responsibility of the South Dakota Investment Council (SDIC), which may utilize the services of external money managers for management of a portion of the portfolio. SDIC is governed by the Prudent Man Rule (i.e., the council should use the same degree of care as a prudent man). Current SDIC investment policies dictate limits on the percentage of assets invested in various types of vehicles (equities, fixed income securities, real estate, cash, private equity, etc.). The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighing the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of real rates of return for each major asset class included in the pension plan's target asset allocation as of June 30, 2022 (see the discussion of the pension plan's investment policy) are summarized in the following table using geometric means:

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - Page 21 (See Independent Auditors' Report)

A (Cl	Target	Long-Term Expected Rate
Asset Class	Allocation	of Return
Global Equity	58.0%	3.7%
Fixed Income	30.0%	1.1%
Real Estate	10.0%	2.6%
Cash	2.0%	0.4%
Total	100.0%	2.7%

#### **Discount Rate:**

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability (asset) was 6.50%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that matching employer contributions from will be made at rates equal to the member rate. Based on these assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability (asset).

#### Sensitivity of liability (asset) to changes in the discount rate:

The following presents the School District's proportionate share of net pension liability (asset) calculated using the discount rate of 6.5%, as well as what the School District's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage point lower (5.50%) or 1-percentage point higher (7.50%) than the current rate:

			Current		
	Discount				
	1% Decrease		Rate	1% Increase	
School District's Proportionate share of the					
net pension liability/(asset)	\$1,145,847	\$	(5,518)	\$	(946,488)

#### Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position:

Detailed information about the plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued SDRS financial report.

#### **NOTE 11 - JOINT VENTURES**

The School District participates in the Oahe Special Education Cooperative, a cooperative service unit (coop) formed for the purpose of providing Special Education Services to the member School Districts.

The members of the co-op and their relative percentage participation in the co-op are as follows:

Bowdle School District No. 22-1		16.67%
Eureka School District No. 44-1		16.67%
Herreid School District No. 10-1	*	16.67%
Hoven School District No. 53-2		16.67%
Selby Area School District No. 62-5		16.67%
Smee School District No. 15-3		16.67%

The Oahe Special Education Cooperatives governing board is composed of one representative from each member School District, who is elected by the local School Board. The Board is responsible for adopting the joint ventures budget and setting service fees at a level adequate to fund the adopted budget.

The School District retains no equity in the net postion of the joint venture, but does have a responsibility to fund deficits of the joint venture in proportion to the relative participation described above.

Separate financial statements for this joint venture are available from the Oahe Special Education Cooperative, 4501 5th Ave, Java, SD 57452, 605-649-6296.

At June 30, 2023, this joint venture had net position of \$537,097 (unaudited), and no long-term debt outstanding.

The School District also participates in the joint venture known as Northern High Technology Module Consortium formed for the purpose of providing technological equipment to the member School Districts.

The members of the co-op and their relative percentage participation in the co-op are as follows:

Edmunds Central School District No. 22-5	12.5%
Eureka School District No. 44-1	12.5%
Groton School District No. 6-3	12.5%
Leola School District No. 44-2	12.5%
Warner School District No.6-5	12.5%
Selby Area School District No. 62-5	12.5%
Ipswich School District No. 22-3	12.5%
Herreid School District No. 10-1	12.5%

The Northern High Technology Module Consortium governing board is composed of the superintendents from each member School District. The Board is responsible for adopting the joint ventures budget and setting service fees at a level adequate to fund the adopted budget.

Angie Vetter performs the recordkeeping for this consortium.

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - Page 23 (See Independent Auditors' Report)

The School District retains no equity in the net position of the joint venture, but does have a responsibility to fund deficits of the joint venture in proportion to the relative participation described above.

Separate financial statements for this joint venture are available from Angie Vetter.

At June 30, 2023, this joint venture had total assets of \$466, liabilities of \$2,582 and net position deficit of \$2,116 and no reported long-term debt outstanding.

#### **NOTE 12 - RISK MANAGEMENT**

The School District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. During the year ended June 30, 2023, the School District managed its risks as follows:

#### Employee Health Insurance

The School District joined the South Dakota School District Health Benefits Fund. This is a public entity risk pool currently operating as a common risk management and insurance program for South Dakota local government entities. The School District pays a monthly premium to the pool to provide health insurance coverage for its employees. The pool purchases reinsurance coverage with the premiums it receives from the members. The plans available are as follows:

The plan has multiple options which includes coverage involving a deductible of \$1,000, \$2,000, and \$3,000 per person for a single plan and \$2,000, \$4,000, and \$6,000, respectively, for two party or family plans.

As per negotiated agreement, the district paid \$891.00 or single premium, whichever is less.

The coverage also includes a \$2,000,000 lifetime maximum payment per person.

The School District does not carry additional health insurance coverage to pay claims in excess of this upper limit. Settled claims resulting from these risks have never exceeded the liability coverage.

#### Liability Insurance

The School District purchases liability insurance for risks related to torts; theft of damage to property; and errors and omission of public officials from a commercial insurance carrier.

The School District does not carry additional insurance to cover claims in excess of the upper limit. Settled claims resulting from these risks have never exceeded the liability coverage.

#### Unemployment Benefits

The School District has elected to be self-insured and retain all risk for liabilities resulting from claims for unemployment benefits.

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - Page 24 (See Independent Auditors' Report)

During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023, no unemployment benefits were paid. At June 30, 2023 there were no claims filed for unemployment benefits and no claims were are anticipated in the next year.

#### Worker's Compensation

The School District participates, with several other educational units and related organizations in South Dakota, in the Associated School Boards of South Dakota Workers' Compensation Fund Pool which provided workers' compensation insurance coverage for participating members of the pool. The objective of the Fund is to formulate, develop, and administer, on behalf of the member organizations, a program of worker's compensation coverage, to obtain lower costs for that coverage, and to develop a comprehensive loss control program. The School District's responsibility is to initiate and maintain a safety program to give its employees safe and sanitary working conditions and to promptly report to and cooperate with the Fund to resolve any worker's compensation claims. The School District pays an annual premium, to provide worker's compensation coverage for its employees, under a retrospectively rated policy and the premiums are accrued based on the ultimate cost of the experience to date of the Fund members. The School District may also be responsible for additional assessments in the event the pool is determined by its board of trustees to have inadequate reserves to satisfy current obligations or judgments. Additional assessments, if any, are to be determined on a prorated basis based upon each participant's percentage of contribution in relation to the total contributions to the pool of all participants for the year in which the shortfall occurs. The pool provides loss coverage to all participants through pool retained risk retention and through insurance coverage purchased by the pool in excess of the retained risk. The pool pays the first \$500,000 of any claim per individual. The pool has reinsurance which covers up to \$1,000,000 per individual per incident.

#### **NOTE 13 - LITIGATION**

At June 30, 2023, the School District was not involved in any litigation.

#### **NOTE 14 - SUBSEQUENT EVENTS**

Management has evaluated subsequent events through the date of the independent auditor's report, which is the date the financial statements were available to be issued.

# REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

# EUREKA SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 44-1 BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE - BUDGETARY BASIS GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

Note				Budgete	d Amo	ounts	Ac	tual Amounts	Va	ariance with
Name	Data		-				•			
Name										
Taxes:										
1110										
Prior Years' Ad Valorem Taxes			_		_					
130			\$		\$		\$		\$	
1140										
190   Penalties and Interest on Taxes   3,000   3,000   2,052   (948)						,				
1510   Interest   1,000   1,000   24,503   23,503   1700   Cocurricular Activities:	_	-								1,530
1700   Cocurricular Activities:	1190	Penalties and Interest on Taxes		3,000		3,000		2,052		(948)
1710   Admissions   8,000   8,000   8,320   320     1790   Other   70,000   70,000   63,791   (6,209)     1900   Other Revenue from Local Sources:	1510	Interest		1,000		1,000		24,503		23,503
1790         Other         70,000         70,000         63,791         (6,209)           1900         Other Revenue from Local Sources:         1910         Rentals         17,700         17,700         19,111         1,411           1920         Contributions and Donations         3,000         3,000         6,288         3,288           1970         Charges for Services         4,000         4,000         4,361         361           1990         Other         6,150         6,150         4,881         (1,269)           2000         Revenue from Intermediate Sources:         2100         County Sources:         2100         2000         4,637         (6,363)           2110         County Apportionment         11,000         11,000         4,637         (6,363)           2200         Revenue from State Sources:         800         800         989         189           3000         Revenue from State Sources:         3110         Unrestricted Grains-in-Aid         322,933         334,869         11,936           3120         Restricted Grains-in-Aid         4,100         4,100         31,785         27,685           3210         Tax Base on Shooting Areas         2,500         2,500         2,942	1700	Cocurricular Activities:								
1900   Other Revenue from Local Sources:   1910   Rentals   17,700   17,700   19,111   1,411   1920   Contributions and Donations   3,000   3,000   6,288   3,288   1970   Charges for Services   4,000   4,000   4,361   361   361   1990   Other   6,150   6,150   4,881   (1,269)	1710	Admissions		8,000		8,000		8,320		320
1910   Rentals	1790	Other		70,000		70,000		63,791		(6,209)
1920   Contributions and Donations   3,000   3,000   6,288   3,288     1970   Charges for Services   4,000   4,000   4,361   361     1990   Other   6,150   6,150   4,881   (1,269)     2000   Revenue from Intermediate Sources:         2100   County Sources:       2110   County Apportionment   11,000   11,000   4,637   (6,363)     2200   Revenue in Lieu of taxes   800   800   989   189     3000   Revenue from State Sources:       3110   Unrestricted Grants-in-Aid   322,933   322,933   334,869   11,936     3120   Restricted Grains-in-Aid   4,100   4,100   31,785   27,685     3210   Tax Base on Shooting Areas   2,500   2,500   2,942   442     4000   Revenue from Federal Sources:       4140   Restricted Directly from       Federal Government   8,542   8,542   7,203   (1,339)     4199   Restricted Received from       Federal Government       Federal Government       Through the State   177,058   177,058   157,799   (19,259)     4900   Other Federal Revenue   1,000   1,000   1,299   299	1900	Other Revenue from Local Sources:								
1970   Charges for Services   4,000   4,000   4,361   361     1990   Other   6,150   6,150   4,881   (1,269)     2000   Revenue from Intermediate Sources:	1910	Rentals		17,700		17,700		19,111		1,411
1990         Other         6,150         6,150         4,881         (1,269)           2000         Revenue from Intermediate Sources:         2100         County Sources:         2110         County Apportionment         11,000         11,000         4,637         (6,363)           2200         Revenue in Lieu of taxes         800         800         989         189           3000         Revenue from State Sources:         3110         Unrestricted Grants-in-Aid         322,933         322,933         334,869         11,936           3120         Restricted Grains-in-Aid         4,100         4,100         31,785         27,685           3210         Tax Base on Shooting Areas         2,500         2,500         2,942         442           4000         Revenue from Federal Sources:         4140         Restricted Directly from Federal Government         8,542         8,542         7,203         (1,339)           4199         Restricted Received from Federal Government Through the State         177,058         177,058         157,799         (19,259)           4900         Other Federal Revenue         1,000         1,000         1,299         299	1920	Contributions and Donations		3,000		3,000		6,288		3,288
2000 Revenue from Intermediate Sources:         2100 County Sources:         2110 County Apportionment       11,000       11,000       4,637       (6,363)         2200 Revenue in Lieu of taxes       800       800       989       189         3000 Revenue from State Sources:       3110 Unrestricted Grants-in-Aid       322,933       322,933       334,869       11,936         3120 Restricted Grains-in-Aid       4,100       4,100       31,785       27,685         3210 Tax Base on Shooting Areas       2,500       2,500       2,942       442         4000 Revenue from Federal Sources:       4140       Restricted Directly from Federal Government       8,542       8,542       7,203       (1,339)         4199 Restricted Received from Federal Government       8,542       8,542       7,203       (1,339)         4199 Restricted Received from Federal Revenue       177,058       177,058       157,799       (19,259)         4900 Other Federal Revenue       1,000       1,000       1,299       299	1970	Charges for Services		4,000		4,000		4,361		. 361
2100         County Sources:         11,000         11,000         4,637         (6,363)           2100         Revenue in Lieu of taxes         800         800         989         189           3000         Revenue from State Sources:         3110         Unrestricted Grants-in-Aid         322,933         322,933         334,869         11,936           3120         Restricted Grains-in-Aid         4,100         4,100         31,785         27,685           3210         Tax Base on Shooting Areas         2,500         2,500         2,942         442           4000         Revenue from Federal Sources:         4140         Restricted Directly from Federal Government         8,542         8,542         7,203         (1,339)           4199         Restricted Received from Federal Government         177,058         177,058         157,799         (19,259)           4900         Other Federal Revenue         1,000         1,000         1,299         299	1990	Other		6,150		6,150		4,881		(1,269)
2110       County Apportionment       11,000       11,000       4,637       (6,363)         2200       Revenue in Lieu of taxes       800       800       989       189         3000       Revenue from State Sources:       3110       Unrestricted Grants-in-Aid       322,933       322,933       334,869       11,936         3120       Restricted Grains-in-Aid       4,100       4,100       31,785       27,685         3210       Tax Base on Shooting Areas       2,500       2,500       2,942       442         4000       Revenue from Federal Sources:       4140       Restricted Directly from Federal Government       8,542       8,542       7,203       (1,339)         4199       Restricted Received from Federal Government Through the State       177,058       177,058       157,799       (19,259)         4900       Other Federal Revenue       1,000       1,000       1,299       299	2000	Revenue from Intermediate Sources:								
2200       Revenue in Lieu of taxes       800       800       989       189         3000       Revenue from State Sources:       3110       Unrestricted Grants-in-Aid       322,933       322,933       334,869       11,936         3120       Restricted Grains-in-Aid       4,100       4,100       31,785       27,685         3210       Tax Base on Shooting Areas       2,500       2,500       2,942       442         4000       Revenue from Federal Sources:       4140       Restricted Directly from Federal Government       8,542       8,542       7,203       (1,339)         4199       Restricted Received from Federal Government Through the State       177,058       177,058       157,799       (19,259)         4900       Other Federal Revenue       1,000       1,000       1,299       299	2100									
3000 Revenue from State Sources: 3110 Unrestricted Grants-in-Aid 322,933 322,933 334,869 11,936 3120 Restricted Grains-in-Aid 4,100 4,100 31,785 27,685 3210 Tax Base on Shooting Areas 2,500 2,500 2,942 442  4000 Revenue from Federal Sources: 4140 Restricted Directly from Federal Government 8,542 8,542 7,203 (1,339) 4199 Restricted Received from Federal Government Through the State 177,058 177,058 157,799 (19,259) 4900 Other Federal Revenue 1,000 1,000 1,299 299	2110	County Apportionment		11,000		11,000		4,637		(6,363)
3110       Unrestricted Grants-in-Aid       322,933       322,933       334,869       11,936         3120       Restricted Grains-in-Aid       4,100       4,100       31,785       27,685         3210       Tax Base on Shooting Areas       2,500       2,500       2,942       442         4000       Revenue from Federal Sources:         4140       Restricted Directly from       8,542       8,542       7,203       (1,339)         4199       Restricted Received from Federal Government Through the State       177,058       177,058       157,799       (19,259)         4900       Other Federal Revenue       1,000       1,000       1,299       299	2200	Revenue in Lieu of taxes		800		800		989		189
3120       Restricted Grains-in-Aid       4,100       4,100       31,785       27,685         3210       Tax Base on Shooting Areas       2,500       2,500       2,942       442         4000       Revenue from Federal Sources:         4140       Restricted Directly from <ul> <li>Federal Government</li> <li>Federal Government</li> <li>Through the State</li> </ul> 8,542     8,542     7,203     (1,339)         4199       Restricted Received from <ul> <li>Federal Government</li> <li>Through the State</li> <li>177,058</li> <li>177,058</li> <li>177,058</li> <li>157,799</li> <li>(19,259)</li> </ul> 4900       Other Federal Revenue       1,000       1,000       1,299       299	3000	Revenue from State Sources:								
3210       Tax Base on Shooting Areas       2,500       2,500       2,942       442         4000       Revenue from Federal Sources:       4140       Restricted Directly from Federal Government       8,542       8,542       7,203       (1,339)         4199       Restricted Received from Federal Government       Through the State       177,058       177,058       157,799       (19,259)         4900       Other Federal Revenue       1,000       1,000       1,299       299	3110	Unrestricted Grants-in-Aid		322,933		322,933		334,869		11,936
4000 Revenue from Federal Sources: 4140 Restricted Directly from Federal Government 8,542 8,542 7,203 (1,339) 4199 Restricted Received from Federal Government Through the State 177,058 177,058 157,799 (19,259) 4900 Other Federal Revenue 1,000 1,000 1,299 299	3120	Restricted Grains-in-Aid		4,100		4,100		31,785		27,685
4140       Restricted Directly from Federal Government       8,542       8,542       7,203       (1,339)         4199       Restricted Received from Federal Government Through the State       177,058       177,058       157,799       (19,259)         4900       Other Federal Revenue       1,000       1,000       1,299       299	3210	Tax Base on Shooting Areas		2,500		2,500		2,942		442
Federal Government 8,542 8,542 7,203 (1,339)  4199 Restricted Received from Federal Government Through the State 177,058 177,058 157,799 (19,259)  4900 Other Federal Revenue 1,000 1,000 1,299 299	4000	Revenue from Federal Sources:								
4199 Restricted Received from Federal Government Through the State 177,058 177,058 157,799 (19,259) 4900 Other Federal Revenue 1,000 1,000 1,299 299	4140	Restricted Directly from								
Federal Government Through the State 177,058 177,058 157,799 (19,259) 4900 Other Federal Revenue 1,000 1,000 1,299 299		Federal Government		8,542		8,542		7,203		(1,339)
Through the State 177,058 177,058 157,799 (19,259) 4900 Other Federal Revenue 1,000 1,000 1,299 299	4199	Restricted Received from								
4900 Other Federal Revenue 1,000 1,000 1,299 299		Federal Government								
4900 Other Federal Revenue 1,000 1,000 1,299 299		Through the State		177,058		177,058		157,799		(19,259)
Total Revenue <u>\$ 2,168,651  \$ 2,168,651  \$ 2,192,986  \$ 24,335</u>	4900	Other Federal Revenue	\\ <del></del>	1,000		1,000				
		Total Revenue	\$	2,168,651	_\$_	2,168,651	\$	2,192,986	\$	24,335

# EUREKA SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 44-1 BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE - BUDGETARY BASIS GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

			Budgeted	l Amo	ounts	Act	ual Amounts	Va	riance with
Data			Original		Final	(Buc	lgetary Basis)	Fi	nal Budget
	EXPENDITURES:								
1000	Instruction:								
1100	Regular Programs:								
1111	Elementary	\$	533,605	\$	566,564	\$	550,279	\$	16,285
1120	Middle/Junior High	•	205,328	•	205,328	Ψ.	161,944	Ψ	43,384
1130	High School		420,843		420,843		374,946		45,897
1140	Preschool		30,350		31,035		29,103		1,932
1200	Special Programs:								
1270	Educationally Deprived		69,095		71,148		69,427		1,721
1290	Other Special Programs		8,542		8,542		9,488		(946)
2000	Support Services:								
2100	Pupils:								
2120	Guidance		7,130		7,130		6,280		850
2130	Health Services		500		500		237		263
2200	Support Services-Instructional Staff:								
2210	Improvement of Instruction		3,000		3,000		97		2,903
2220	Educational Media		60,488		60,488		57,436		3,052
2300	Support Services-General Administration:								
2310	Board of Education		22,516		22,516		20,749		1,767
2321	Executive Administration		87,364		87,364		85,090		2,274
2400	Support Services - School Administration:		0.5.1.						
2410	Office of the Principal		86,474		86,474		84,872		1,602
2490	Other		400		400		291		109
2500	Support Services-Business		100.000		100.000		0 < 00=		
2520	Fiscal Services		100,209		100,209		96,887		3,322
2540	Operation & Maintenance of Plant		320,342		331,801		305,109		26,692
2550 2560	Pupil Transportation Food Service		122,815 7,350		123,975 7,816		110,505		13,470
2300	roou service		7,330		7,010		7,815		1
4000	Nonprogrammed Charges								
4500	Early Retirement Payments		45,213		45,213		45,213		-
6000	Cocurricular Activities								
6100	Male Activities		35,618		36,093		34,605		1,488
6200	Female Activities		36,895		38,090		29,284		8,806
6500	Transportation		45,600		45,600		42,206		3,394
6900	Combined Activities		74,410		80,539		65,972		14,567
7000	Contingencies		30,000		1,356				1,356
7	Total Expenditures	_\$_	2,354,087	\$	2,382,024	\$	2,187,835	\$	194,189

# EUREKA SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 44-1 BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE - BUDGETARY BASIS GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

	Budgeted	l Aı	mounts	Ac	tual Amounts	V	ariance with
Data	Original		Final	(Bu	dgetary Basis)	I	Final Budget
Excess Revenue Over/Under							
Expenditures	\$ (185,436)	_\$	(213,373)	\$	5,151	\$_	218,524
Other Financing Sources							
5110 Transfer In	100,000		100,000		_		(100,000)
8110 Transfer Out	 (57,000)	_	(57,000)		(40,000)		17,000
Total Other Financing Sources	 43,000	_	43,000		(40,000)		(83,000)
Net Change in Fund Balances	(142,436)		(170,373)		(34,849)		135,524
Fund Balance - Beginning	 1,279,862	_	1,279,862		1,279,862		
Fund Balance - Ending	\$ 1,137,426	_\$	1,109,489	\$	1,245,013	\$	135,524

# EUREKA SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 44-1 BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE - BUDGETARY BASIS CAPITAL OUTLAY FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

		Budgeted	l Amo	unts	Actu	al Amounts	Var	iance with
Data		Original		Final	<b>(</b> E	Budgetary	Fin	al Budget
	REVENUES:							
1000	Revenue from Local Sources:							
1100	Taxes:							
1110	Ad Valorem Taxes	\$ 502,000	\$	502,000	\$	500,506	\$	(1,494)
1120	Prior Years' Ad Valorem Taxes	1,000		1,000		933		(67)
1130	Tax Deed Revenue	200		200		••		(200)
1190	Penalties and Interest on Taxes	1,000		1,000		761		(239)
1510	Interest	1,000		1,000		25,454		24,454
1900	Other Revenue from Local Sources:							
1920	Contributions and Donations	-		-		10,995		10,995
1990	Other	-		-		4,861		4,861
3200	Revenue from State Sources:							
3210	Tax Base on Shooting Areas	1,200		1,200		1,416		216
4000	Revenue from Federal Sources:							
4199	Received Directly from							
	Federal Government							
	Through the State	30,000		30,000		79,245		49,245
	Total Revenue	\$ 536,400	_\$_	536,400	_\$	624,171	\$	87,771

# EUREKA SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 44-1 BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE - BUDGETARY BASIS CAPITAL OUTLAY FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

D-4-		-	Budgeted	l Amo			tual Amounts		riance with
Data			Original		Final		(Budgetary	FI	nal Budget
	EXPENDITURES:								
1000	Instruction:								
1100	Regular Programs:								
1111	Elementary	\$	29,000	\$	29,000	\$	22,954	\$	6,046
1120	Middle/Junior High		13,000		13,000		500		12,500
1130	High School		16,069		16,069		10,474		5,595
2000	Support Services:								
2100	Pupils:								
2120	Guidance		2,500		2,500		2,355		145
2200	Support Services-Instructional Staff:								
2220	Educational Media		29,350		29,350		6,860		22,490
2500	Support Services-Business								
2520	Fiscal Services		5,600		5,600		5,562		38
2530	Facilities Acquisition and Construction		65,000		65,000		37,525		27,475
2540	Operation & Maintenance of Plant		92,006		93,443		53,413		40,030
2550	Pupil Transportation		7,500		128,731		128,230		501
2560	Food Service		900		900		394		506
2590	Other		-		4,900		4,900		-
5000	Debt Services		299,300		299,300		298,512		788
6000	Cocurricular Activities								
6100	Male Activities		5,000		5,554		5,553		1
6200	Female Activities		5,000		5,000		-		5,000
6900	Combined Activities	_	10,000		10,000		683		9,317
	Total Expenditures		580,225		708,347		577,915		130,432
	Excess Revenue Over/Under								
	Expenditures	_	(43,825)	<u> </u>	(171,947)	14	46,256		218,203
	Other Financing Sources								
8110	Transfer Out		(100,000)		(100,000)		_		100,000
5130	Sale of Surplus Property		200		200		-		(200)
5140	Compensation for Loss of General Capital Assets	_	3,000		3,000		3,457		457
	Total Other Financing Sources		(96,800)		(96,800)		3,457		100,257
	Net Change in Fund Balances		(140,625)		(268,747)		49,713		318,460
	Fund Balance - Beginning		1,198,651		1,198,651		1,198,651		
			1,058,026		929,904		1,248,364	\$	318,460

# EUREKA SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 44-1 BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE - BUDGETARY BASIS SPECIAL EDUCATION FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

		Budgeted	Amo	unts	Acti	ual Amounts	V	ariance with
Data		Original		Final	(Bud	getary Basis)	F	inal Budget
	REVENUES:							
1000	Revenue from Local Sources:							
1100	Taxes:							
1110	Ad Valorem Taxes	\$ 451,836	\$	451,836	\$	451,487	\$	(349)
1120	Prior Years' Ad Valorem Taxes	1,000		1,000		732		(268)
1130	Tax Deed Revenue	200		200		-		(200)
1190	Penalties and Interest on Taxes	2,000		2,000		645		(1,355)
1510	Interest	500		500		7,687		7,187
1900	Other Revenue from Local Sources:							
1970	Charges for Services	10,400		10,400		3,342		(7,058)
3000	Revenue from State Sources:							
3210	Tax Base on Shooting Areas	1,000		1,000		1,285		285
4000	Revenue from Federal Sources:							
4199	Received Directly from							
	Federal Government							
	Through the State	 47,039		47,039		46,739		(300)
	Total Revenue	\$ 513,975	\$	513,975	\$	511,917	\$	(2,058)

#### EUREKA SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 44-1 BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE - BUDGETARY BASIS SPECIAL EDUCATION FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

_		_	Budgeted	Amo			ual Amounts		riance with
Data			Original		Final	(Bud	getary Basis)	Fi	nal Budget
	EXPENDITURES:								
1200	Special Programs:								
1220	Programs for Special Education	\$	368,212	\$	402,484	\$	346,178	\$	56,306
1220	Trograms for Special Education	Ψ	300,212	Ψ	102,101	Ψ	540,170	Ψ	50,500
2000	Support Services:								
2100	Pupils:								
2110	Attandance and Social Work		-		3,384		3,383		1
2140	Psychological Services		21,000		21,000		16,769		4,231
2150	Speech		73,268		74,408		72,326		2,082
2160	Audiology Services		-		582		582		-
2170	Student Therapy Services		61,000		61,000		55,444		5,556
2700	Special Education:								
2710	Administrative Costs		19,209		19,209		17,280		1,929
2730	Transportation Costs		2,500		2,508		1,008		1,500
2750	Other Special Education Costs		5,500		8,700		6,420		2,280
	Total Expenditures		550,689		593,275		519,390		73,885
	Excess Revenue Over/Under								
	Expenditures		(36,714)		(79,300)		(7,473)		71,827
	Net Change in Fund Balances		(36,714)		(79,300)		(7,473)		71,827
	Fund Balance - Beginning		451,531		451,531		451,531		
	Fund Balance - Ending	\$	414,817	\$	372,231	s	444,058	\$	71,827

#### EUREKA SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 44-1 NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

Schedules of Budgetary Comparisons for the General Fund and for each major Special Revenue Fund with a legally required budget.

#### NOTE 1 - BUDGETS AND BUDGETARY ACCOUNTING

The School District followed these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- 1. Prior to the first regular board meeting in May of each year the school board causes to be prepared a proposed budget for the next fiscal year according to the budgetary standards prescribed by the Auditor General.
- 2. The proposed budget is considered by the School Board at the first regular meeting held in the month of May of each year.
- 3. The proposed budget is published for public review no later than July 15 each year.
- 4. Public hearings are held to solicit taxpayer input prior to the approval of the budget.
- 5. Before October 1 of each year, the School Board must approve the budget for the ensuing fiscal year for each fund, except trust and agency funds.
- 6. After adoption by the School Board, the operating budget is legally binding and actual expenditures of each fund cannot exceed the amounts budgeted, except as indicated in number 8.
- 7. A line item for contingencies may be included in the annual budget. Such a line item may not exceed five percent of the total School District budget and may be transferred by resolution of the School Board to any other budget category, except for capital outlay, that is deemed insufficient during the year. No amount of expenditures may be charged directly to the contingency line item in the budget.
- 8. If it is determined during the year that sufficient amounts have not been budgeted, state statute allows adoption of supplemental budgets when moneys are available to increase legal spending authority.
- 9. Unexpended appropriations lapse at year-end unless encumbered by resolution of the School Board.
- 10. Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year for the General Fund and Special Revenue Funds.
- 11. Budgets for the General Fund and Special Revenue Funds are adopted on a basis consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP).

#### EUREKA SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 44-1 NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION - Page 2 FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

#### NOTE 2 - GAAP/BUDGETARY ACCOUNTING BASIS DIFFERENCES

The financial statements prepared in conformity with USGAAP present capital outlay expenditure information in a separate category of expenditures. Under the budgetary basis of accounting, capital outlay expenditures are reported within the function to which they relate. For example, the purchase of a new school bus would be reported as a capital outlay expenditure on the Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances, however in the Budgetary RSI Schedule, the purchase of a school bus would be reported as an expenditure of the Support Services - Business/Pupils Transportation function of the government, along with all other current Pupil Transportation related expenditures.

EUREKA SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 44-1
SCHEDULE OF THE SCHOOL DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF
THE NET PENSION LIABILITY (ASSET)
SOUTH DAKOTA RETIREMENT SYSTEM

**************************************		2023	7	2022		2021		2020		2019		2018		2017		2016		2015
District's proportion of the net pension liability (asset)	0.0	0.0583920%	0.0	0.0565680%	0.	0.0599728%	0.0	0.0622293%	0.0	0.0656419%	0	0.0636104%	0	0.0617564%		0.0596973%	0.0	0.0750150%
District's proportionate share of net pension liability (asset)	<del>69</del>	(5,518)	<b>→</b>	(5,518) \$ (433,214) \$	64	(2,605)	69	\$ (565'9)		(1,531) \$		(5,773)	€9	(5,773) \$ 208,607	69	(253,193) \$ (540,452)		540,452)
District's covered-employee payroll	<del>69</del>	1,394,302	<del>.</del> 2	,283,703	649	\$ 1,283,703 \$ 1,316,222		1,323,123	<del>∽</del>	1,364,625	64	1,292,439	69	1,174,299	<del>6∕)</del>	\$ 1,323,123 \$ 1,364,625 \$ 1,292,439 \$ 1,174,299 \$ 1,089,904	-í 	\$ 1,012,955
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll		-0.40%		-33.75%		-0.20%		-0.50%		-0.11%		-0.45%		17.76%		-23.23%		-53.35%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		100.10%		105.52%		100.04%		100.09%		100.02%		100.08%		%68'96		104.10%		107.29%

\*The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the measurement date of the collective net pension liability (asset) which is 6/30 of previous fiscal year.

EUREKA SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 44-1
SCHEDULE OF THE SCHOOL DISTRICT PENSION CONTRIBUTIONS
SOUTH DAKOTA RETIREMENT SYSTEM

		2023		2022		2021	1	2020		2019		2018	7	2017	(1)	2016		2015
Contractually required contribution	<b>69</b>	91,269	<b>∽</b>	83,658	S	77,022	€4	78,973 \$ 79,387	<del>6/3</del>	79,387	<del>\$</del>	81,878	<del>6/3</del>	\$ 81,878 \$ 77,546	€	70,458	69	65,493
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	10.5	\$ 91,269	S	83,658	S	83,658 \$ 77,022 \$		78,973 \$	<del>69</del>	79,387 \$ 81,878 \$ 77,546 \$	69	81,878	69	77,546	€9	70,458 \$		65,493
Contribution deficiency (excess)	€?	ı	€9	ř.	<b>∽</b>	•	<del>6/2</del>	1	<del>69</del>		€9		<del>69</del>	ı	<del>6∕3</del>	(X	€	1
District's covered-employee payroll	S	\$ 1,521,155	\$ 1	\$ 1,394,302		,283,703	\$ 1.	\$1,283,703 \$1,316,222 \$1,323,123	\$ 1,	323,123		\$ 1,364,625 \$ 1,292,439	\$ 1,2	92,439	\$ 1,	\$ 1,174,299		\$ 1,091,460
Contributions as a percentage of coveredemployee payroll		%00.9		%00'9		%00.9		%00.9		6.00%		6.00%		6.00%		%00.9		%00.9

EUREKA SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 44-1
NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023
SCHEDULE OF THE PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION
LIABILITY (ASSET) AND SCHEDULE OF PENSION CONTRIBUTIONS

#### **Changes from Prior Valuation**

The June 30, 2022, Actuarial Valuation reflects numerous changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of an experience analysis completed since the June 30, 2021, Actuarial Valuation. In addition, two changes in actuarial methods have been implemented since the prior valuation.

The details of the changes since the last valuation are as follows:

#### **Benefit Provision Changes**

During the 2022 Legislative Session no significant SDRS benefit changes were made and gaming enforcement agents became Class B Public Safety Members.

#### **Actuarial Assumption Changes**

As a result of an experience analysis covering the period from July 1, 2016, to June 30, 2021, and presented to the SDRS Board of Trustees in April and June 2022, significant changes to the actuarial assumptions were recommended by the SDRS Senior Actuary and adopted by the Board of Trustees first effective for this June 30, 2022, actuarial valuation.

The changes to economic assumptions included increasing the price inflation to 2.50% and increasing the wage inflation to 3.15%. The current assumed investment return assumption of 6.50% was retained, lowering the assumed real investment return to 4.00%. The baseline COLA assumption of 2.25% was also retained. Salary increase assumptions were modified to reflect the increase in assumed wage inflation and recent experience. The assumed interest on accumulated contributions was decreased to 2.25%

The demographic assumptions were also reviewed and revised. The mortality assumption was changed to the Pub-2010 amount-weighted tables using separate tables for teachers, general, and public safety retirees, with assumptions for retirees adjusted based on credible experience. The mortality assumption for active and terminated vested members was changed to the unadjusted amount-weighted Pub-2010 tables, again by member classification and the assumption for beneficiaries was changed to the amount-weighted Pub-2010 general contingent survivor table. Adjustments based on experience were also made to the assumptions regarding retirement, termination, disability, age of spouses for married Foundation members, percentage of terminated vested members electing a refund, and benefit commencement age for terminated vested Public Safety members with 15 or more years of service.

The SDRS COLA equals the percentage increase in the most recent third calendar quarter CPI-W over the prior year, no less than 0% (0.5% prior to 2021) and no greater than 3.5%. However, if the FVFR assuming the long-term COLA is equal to the baseline COLA assumption (currently 2.25%) is less than 100%, the maximum COLA payable will be limited to the increase that if assumed on a long-term basis, results in a FVFR equal to or exceeding 100%.

EUREKA SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 44-1
NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION - Page 2
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023
SCHEDULE OF THE PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION
LIABILITY (ASSET) AND SCHEDULE OF PENSION CONTRIBUTIONS

As of June 30, 2021, the FVFR assuming the long-term COLA is equal to the baseline COLA assumption (2.25%) was greater than 100% and the full 0% to 3.5% COLA range was payable. For the June 30, 2021, Actuarial Valuation, future COLAs were assumed to equal the baseline COLA assumption of 2.25%.

As of June 30, 2022, the FVFR assuming future COLAs equal to the baseline COLA assumption of 2.25% is less than 100% and the July 2023 SDRS COLA is limited to a restricted maximum of 2.10%. The July 2023 SDRS COLA will equal inflation, between 0% and 2.10%. For this June 30, 2022, Actuarial Valuation, future COLAs were assumed to equal the restricted maximum COLA of 2.10%.

Actuarial assumptions are reviewed for reasonability annually and reviewed in depth periodically, with the next experience analysis anticipated before the June 30, 2027, Actuarial Valuation and any recommended 7 changes approved by the Board of Trustees are anticipated to be first implemented in the June 30, 2027, Actuarial Valuation.

#### **Actuarial Method Changes**

Actuarial method changes with minor impact were implemented for this valuation after recommendation by Cavanaugh Macdonald Consulting as part of their reviews of prior valuations. As a result, liabilities and normal costs for refund benefits and the Generational Variable Retirement Account are now calculated using the entry age normal cost method with normal costs based on the expected value of these accounts rather than the actual balance.